

A Formalism for Scalable Maritime Traffic Monitoring for Explainable Anomaly Detection and Resolution at Vessel Traffic Services

Introduction

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- Vessel Traffic Service (VTS) centers around the globe monitor maritime traffic
- Their purpose in a nutshell: ensure safety and efficiency of maritime traffic

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- The purpose of VTS according to the International Maritime Organization (IMO):
 - “providing timely and relevant information on factors that may influence ship movements and assist onboard decision-making”
 - “monitoring and managing ship traffic to ensure the safety and efficiency of ship movements”
 - “responding to developing unsafe situations”

A Formalism for Scalable Maritime Traffic Monitoring for Explainable **Anomaly Detection and Resolution** at Vessel Traffic Services

- To ensure safety and efficiency VTS operators (VTSO) are motivated to apply a decision support tool (DST)

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- The purpose of a DST according to the International Association of Marine Aids to Navigation and Lighthouse Authorities (IALA):
 - „provide alerts and indicators“
 - „reduce the workload“
 - „enhance efficiency“
 - „be accurate and in real time“

A Formalism for Scalable Maritime Traffic Monitoring for **Explainable** Anomaly Detection and Resolution at Vessel Traffic Services

- The processing and output of a system, i.e., an artificial intelligence (AI) can be inherently
 - explainable and interpretable (white box)
 - or not (black box)

A Formalism for Scalable Maritime Traffic Monitoring for **Explainable** Anomaly Detection and Resolution at Vessel Traffic Services

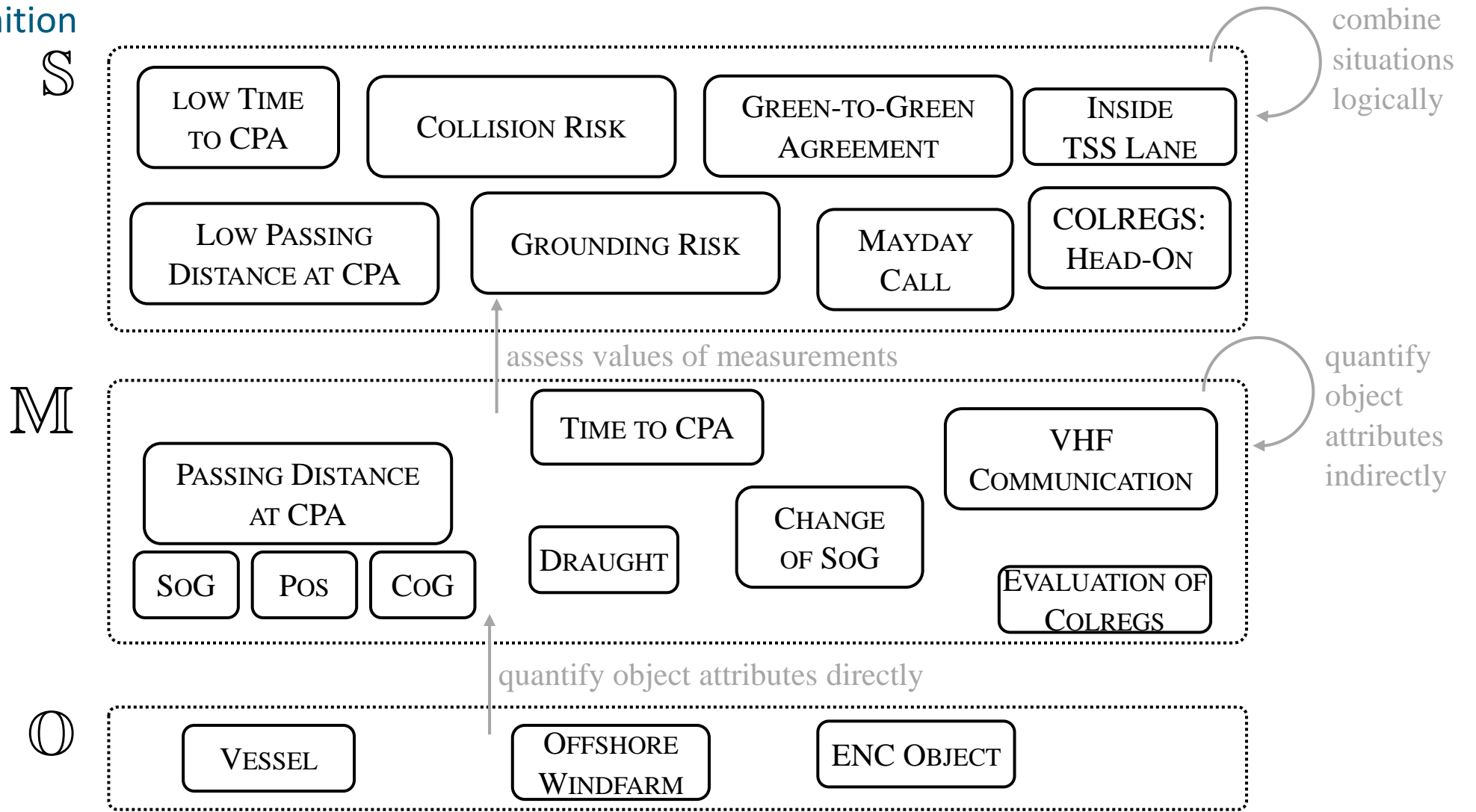
- In safety-critical environments the explainability of a system plays a substantial role:
 - A VTSO must be able to comprehend the processing and output of a DST.
 - The proper functionality of a DST must be verifiable therewith explainable.

A Formalism for **Scalable** Maritime Traffic Monitoring for Explainable Anomaly Detection and Resolution at Vessel Traffic Services

- VTS centers around the globe monitor and coordinate traffic
 - in various regions
 - where diverse traffic patterns occur
 - using various sensor and communication technologies

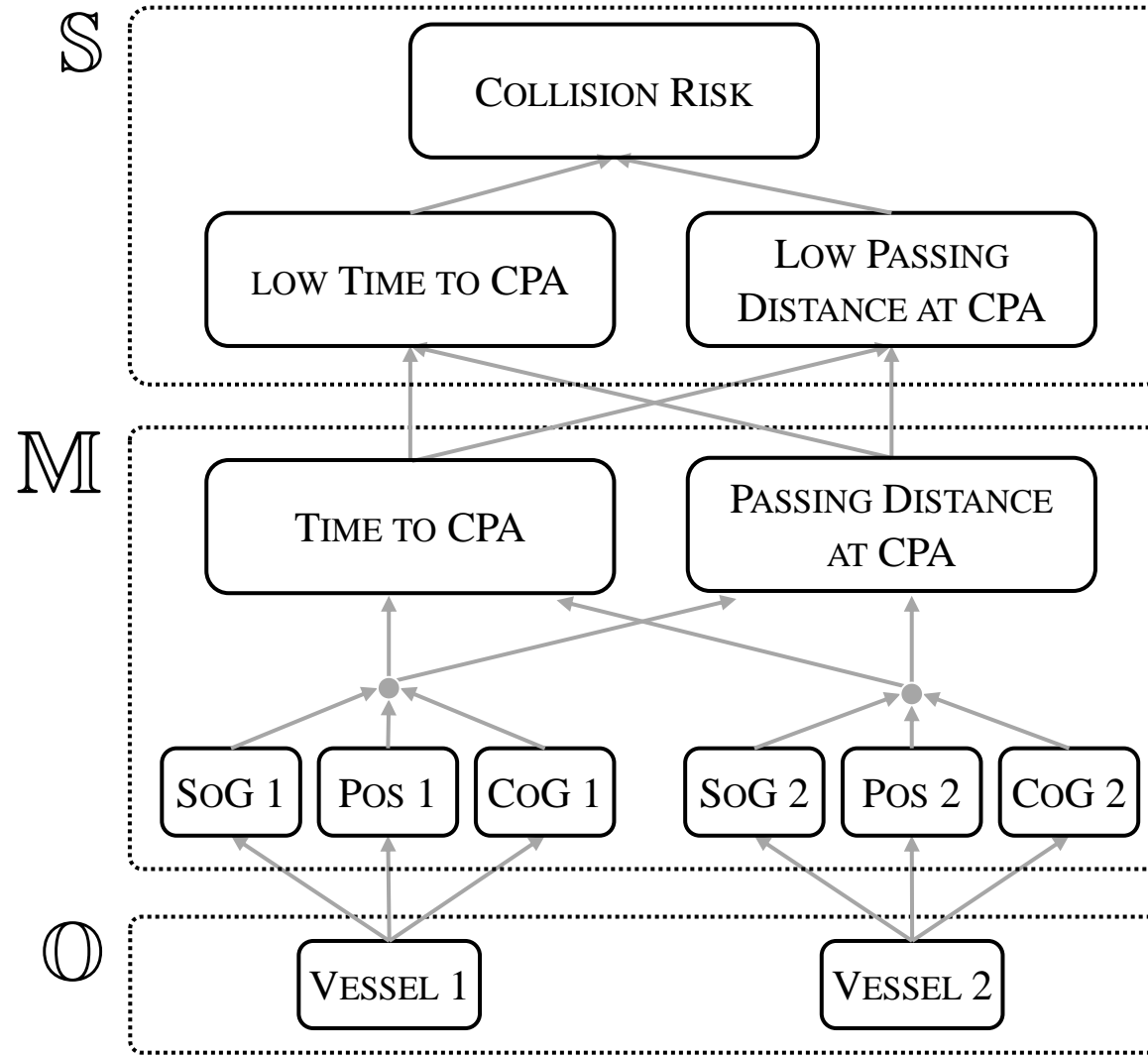
Formalism

Hierarchical definition



Formalism

Example: Detecting Collision Risk



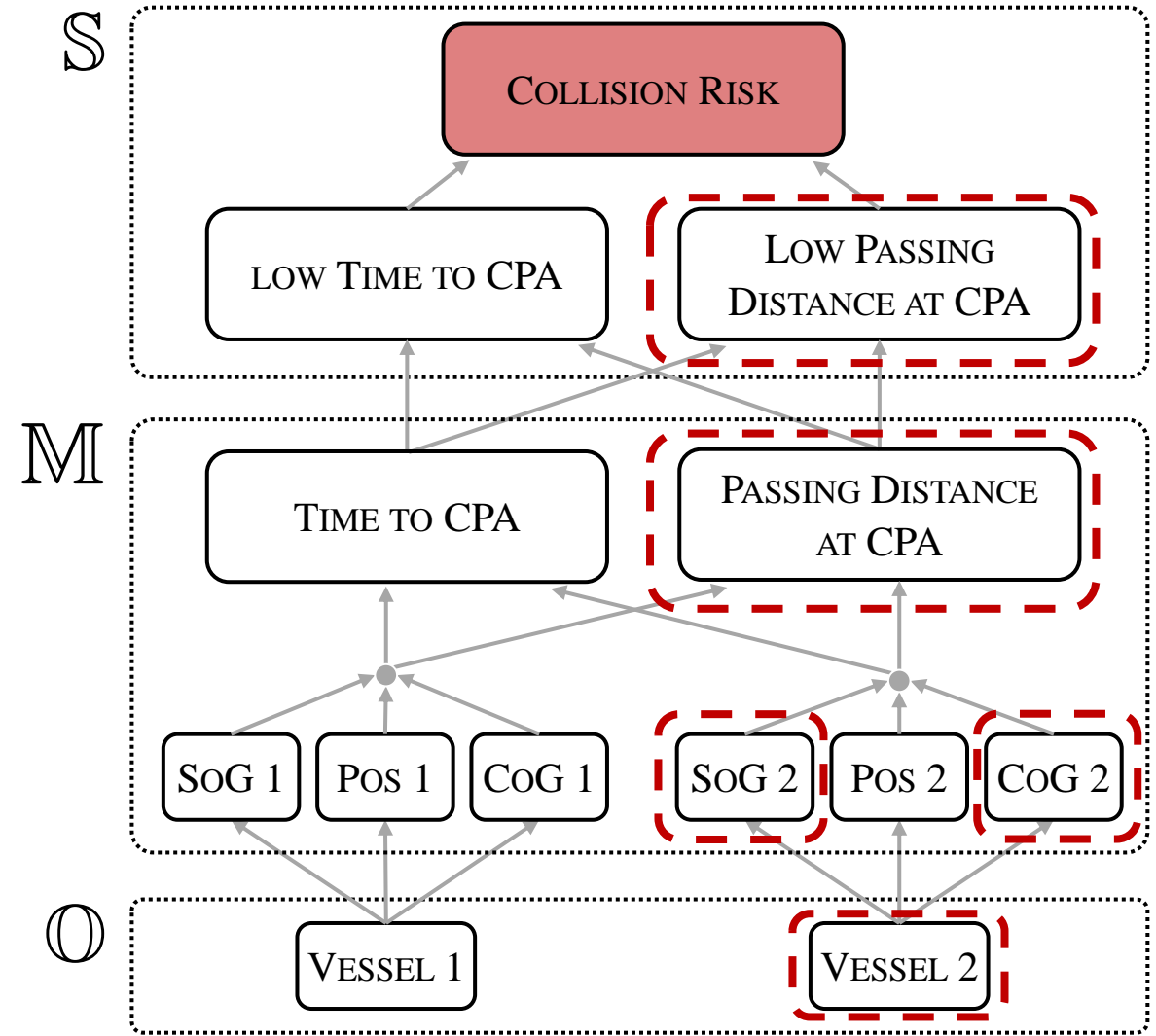
Formalism

Example: Resolving Collision Risk

How to resolve an anomalous situation?

In a nutshell → the reversed process

- track down the composites of the detected anomalous situation
- via a cost function calculate which manouver is the „best“ to avoid the anomalous situation

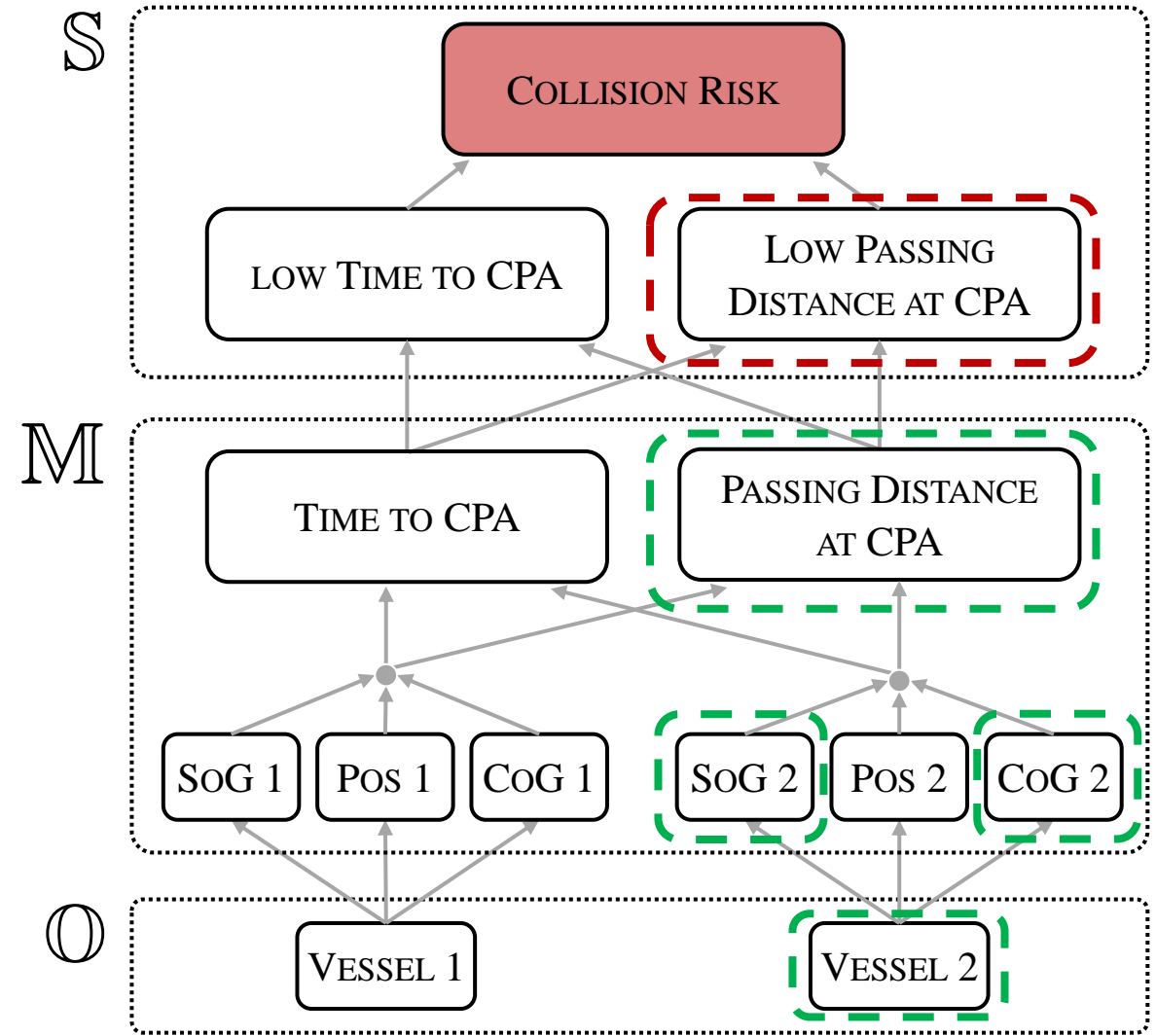


Formalism

Example: Resolving Collision Risk

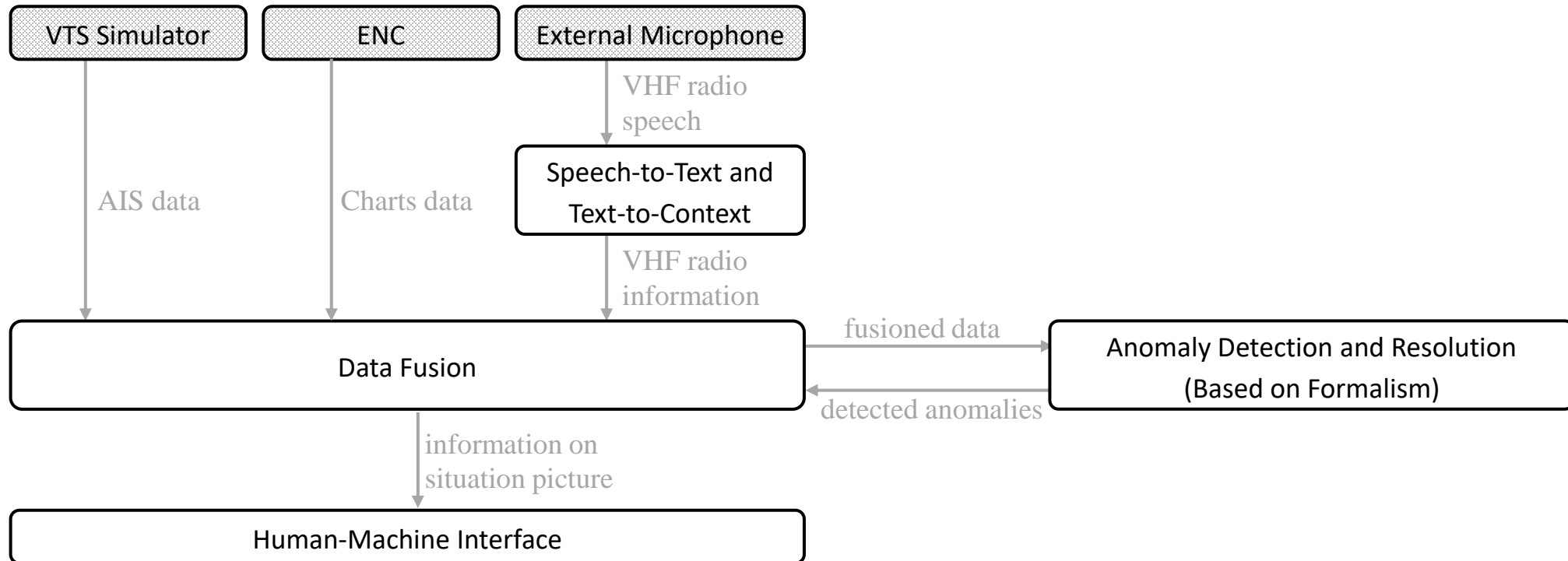
in a nutshell → a reversed process

- track down the composites of the detected anomalous situation
- via a cost function calculate which change is the „best“ to avoid the anomalous situation
- return recommended resolution for anomalous situation



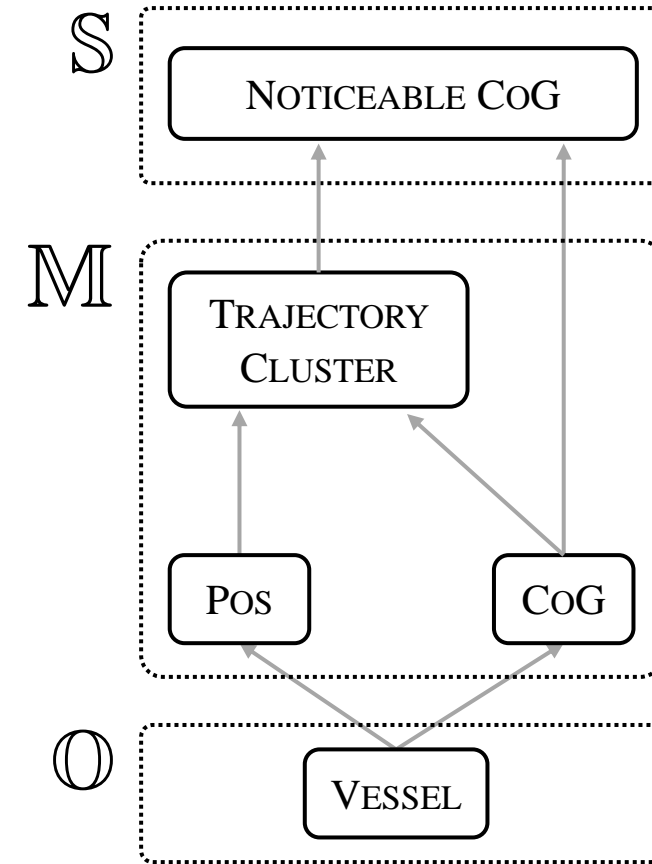
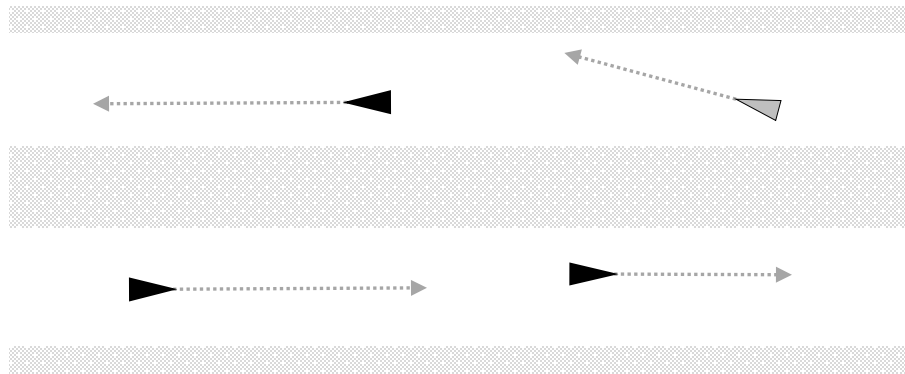
Proof of Concept

System Architecture of Demonstrator



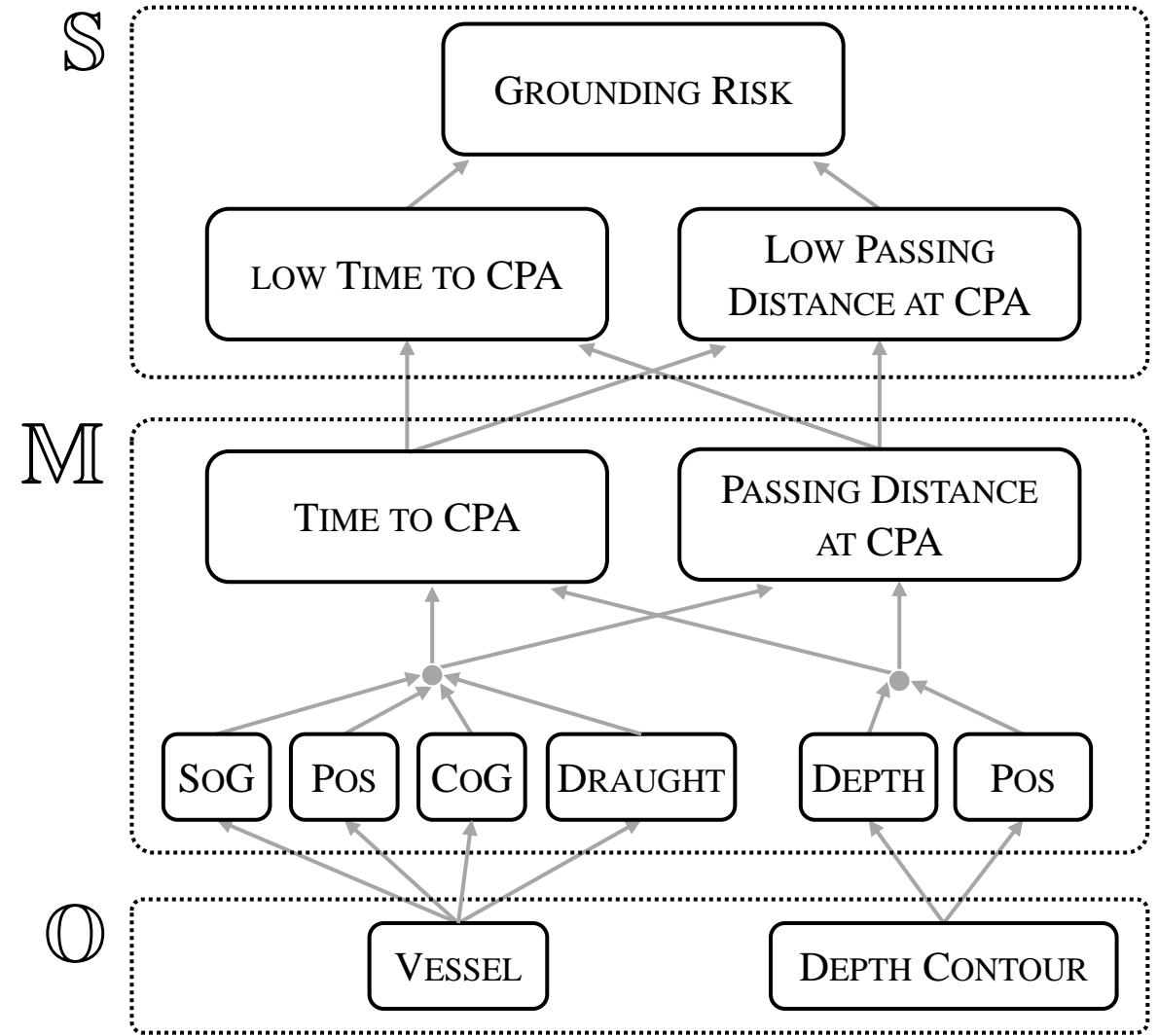
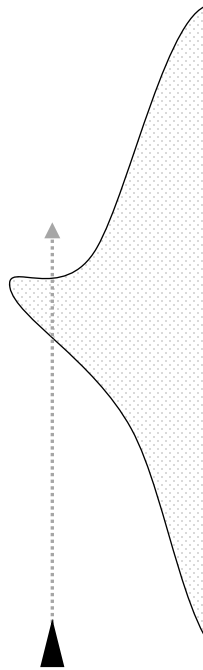
Proof of Concept

Anomaly Example 1: Noticeable Course over Ground



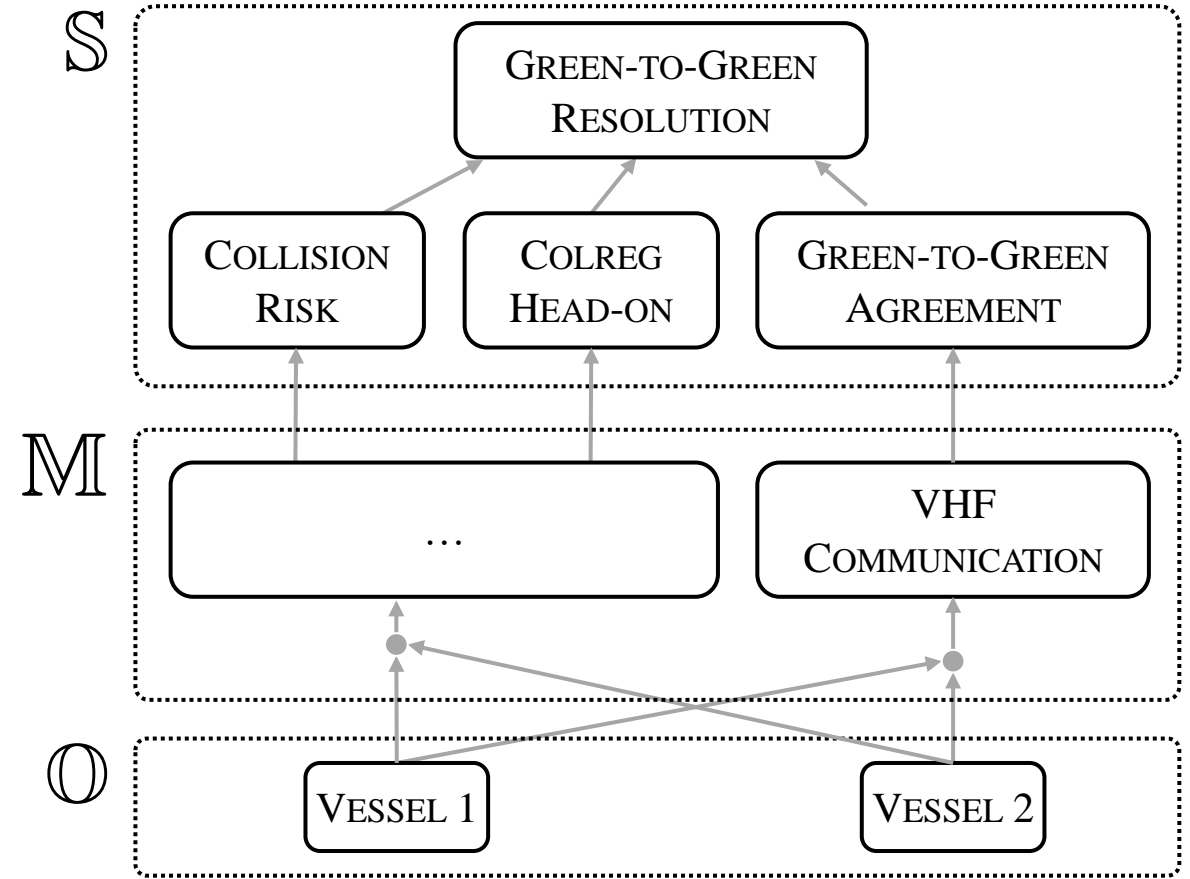
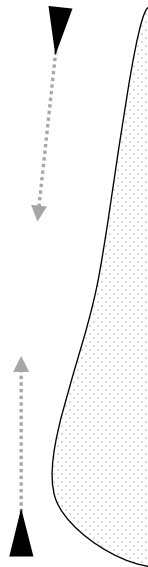
Proof of Concept

Anomaly Example 2: Grounding Risk



Proof of Concept

Anomaly Example 3: Green-to-Green Resolution



Conclusion

We proposed „A Formalism for Scalable Maritime Traffic Monitoring for Explainable Anomaly Detection and Resolution at Vessel Traffic Services” that

- **combines information** from various data **sources** for a holistic traffic situation awareness
- provides information in a **reasonable and explainable** manner
- is **adaptable** to various technological equipment at VTS centers and spatio-temporally depending traffic patterns

We demonstrated its feasibility with a few examples and application as a demonstrator in the project *LEAS* (grant number 13N16246 managed by VDI Technologiezentrum).

Thank you for your attention!



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