

CONNECTIVITY COVERAGE

BUREAU VERITAS MARINE & OFFSHORE

INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC ORGANISATION

FOR REMOTE OPERATIONS

COLLABORATIVE DEVELOPMENT S-123 PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

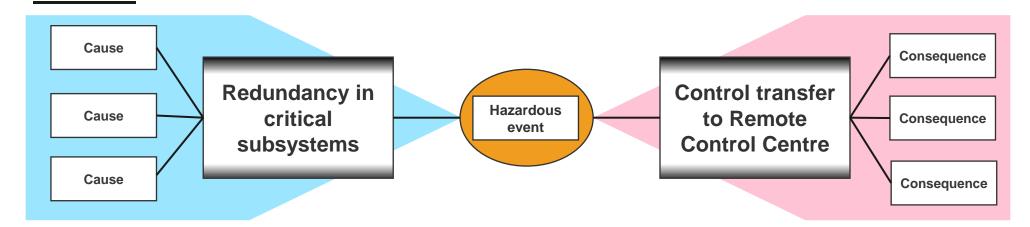
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RATIONALE

• Ship-shore communication is a critical enabler for autonomy



- EU Project AUTOSHIP D2.4a "Risk assessments, fail-safe procedures and acceptance criteria", 2020:
 - "The critical hazards were primarily related to the transit and emergency operating phases and to the novel navigation and emergency management functions. ... The main preventative control measures were the use of redundant components in the situation awareness, communication and propulsion systems, whilst the main mitigative measure was related to the control transfer to the ROC."



SYNC-COM-R CLASSIFICATION FOR AUTONOMY

New additional class notations have been created by BV for ships using ship-shore communication in remote control:

- **SYNC-COM** for non-redundant comms
- SYNC-COM-R for redundant comms

I The classification of the ships and offshore units includes

- design approval based on the submitted documentation,
- initial and periodic surveys with the sea and river trials

Type approval of the equipment based on BV requirements, IACS UR E10, E22, E27



For communication systems which can ensure **synchronous** transfer of data (sensitive to delays) between the ship and the shore **for control**, **excluding GMDSS**



CHALLENGES FOR AUTONOMY CONNECTIVITY COVERAGE

The satcom and cellular comm providers are **not yet offering**:

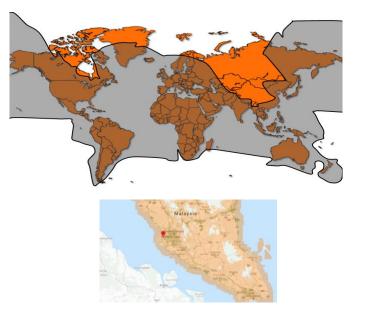
- I QoS data (minimum signal power, guaranteed or best effort, frequency range, bandwidth, etc.) in a unified format
- Geographic coverage in an ENC format easily **compatible with ECDIS**

Satcom and cellular connectivity coverages are **not explicitly mentioned as dedicated vector objects** in S-57 or S-123.

The lack of detailed and accurate information on the coverage and on QoS forces the Shipowners to measure and plot the signal availability on their own, when planning and testing new autonomous or remotely operated services and routes

Unpredictable QoS parameters for communication

Unpredictable availability of the main mitigative measure







IHO



International Hydrographic Organization The International Hydrographic Organization works to ensure that all the world's seas, oceans and navigable waters are surveyed and charted, thereby supporting safety of navigation and the protection of the marine environment.

It coordinates the activities of national hydrographic offices and **sets standards in order to promote uniformity in nautical charts and documents**.

It issues survey best practices and provides guidelines to maximize the use of hydrographic information.





DEGREE OF CONTROL

Technology with a different degree of remote control may be deployed with regard to the interaction with the Remote Operations Centre (ROC), e.g. as per BV M&O NI641 Guidelines:

Degree RC1 - Available remote control

Operators are available in a ROC outside the ship, <u>ready</u> to take control in case of warning or alert from the system, but they may be not at the control station (e.g. periodically unmanned remote control station).

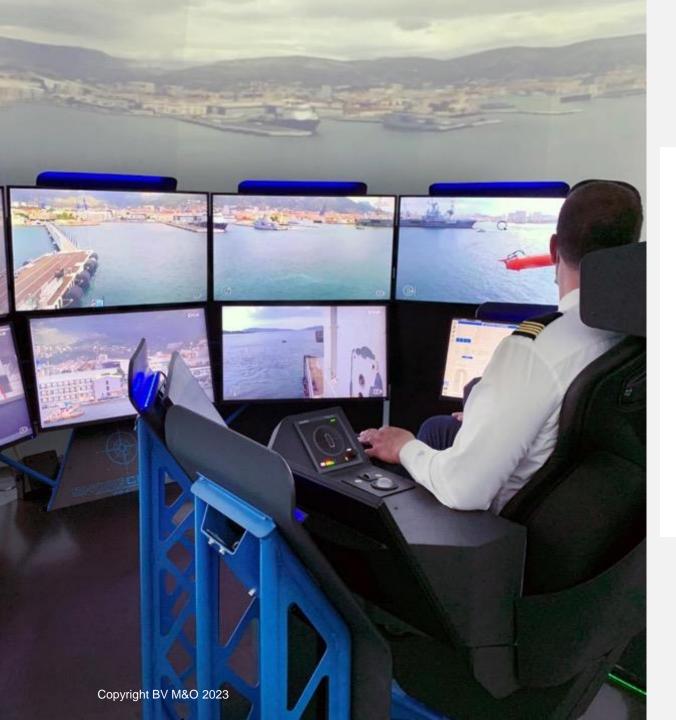
Degree RC2 - Discontinuous remote control

The system or ship is monitored and controlled by operators from a ROC outside the ship. But monitoring and control may be <u>discontinuous</u> during a short period. Operators are always available at the remote control station, ready to take control in case of warning or alert from the system

Degree RC3 - Full remote control

The system or ship is <u>actively monitored and controlled at</u> <u>any time</u> by operators from a ROC outside the ship





DISCONTINUOUS CONNECTIVITY

It should be noted that depending on the designed interaction level of the autonomous vessels, they **may operate without a need of continuous connectivity** with the Remote Operations Centre (ROC) allowing them to exit the connectivity coverage areas.

However, the measures to reach a **fallback state** (defined in ISO 23860:2022) following an emergency situation may include the passage to the **nearest area with guaranteed connectivity coverage**.



EXPANDING S-123

Availability of a standardized approach for mapping the corresponding connectivity coverage objects can improve the safety for autonomous and remote operated shipping.

On 14/9/23 it was proposed to IHO to consider **including the connectivity coverage** and QoS data objects into S-123 "Marine Radio Services" Product Specification.

S-100 Product Specifications

- S-123 specifies objects indicating the
- I location, availability, type of radio communications,
- I frequencies and content of radio services for navigational information and
- I other maritime radio communications.

INPUT PAPER CO-SPONSORED BY ORGANISATIONS RELATED TO AUTONOMY & ENCS



Bureau Veritas Marine & Offshore



Electronic Chart Centre



Norwegian Forum for Autonomous Ships (NFAS)

ONE SEA

One Sea Association



NAVTOR AS



Norwegian Coastal Administration

See <u>presentation</u> and the <u>input paper</u> from the IHO website (<u>https://iho.int/en/nipwg10-2023</u>).



Robosys Automation Ltd.

Seafar NV

SEAFAR

SINTEF



KYSTVERKET

CONNECTIVITY COVERAGE IN ECDIS

USE OF INFORMATION FOR ROUTE PLANNING AND EXECUTION

LAYER IN ECDIS

The boundaries of the connectivity service coverage and its expected impact on QoS can be used as a layer in ECDIS.

COLOUR-CODING

The coverage map could be colour-coded based on expected received signal strength at any given location, seen in relation to the expected QoS performance for the communication system in question. **SAFETY CONTOUR**

Created from bathymetric grid data, and connectivity service coverage, and based on values set by the user

USE CASES

safety contour may be used for :

 route planning when automatically validating a route in ECDIS

- execution of passage to prevent a loss of connectivity.

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SAFETY CONTOUR

Users in Remote Operations Centres (ROC) could benefit from a safety contour created from the following datasets and user settings:

DATASETS

bathymetric grid data

connectivity service coverage

USER SETTINGS

safety contour depth value

redundant configuration of the connectivity system

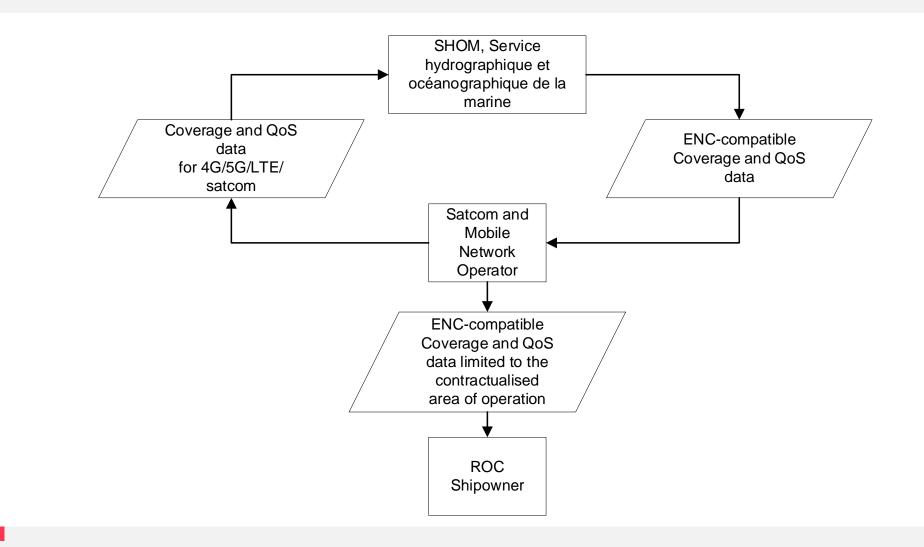
communication device (antenna) in use

height of the communication device above the water

level of interaction between the ship and the ROC related to a mode of control

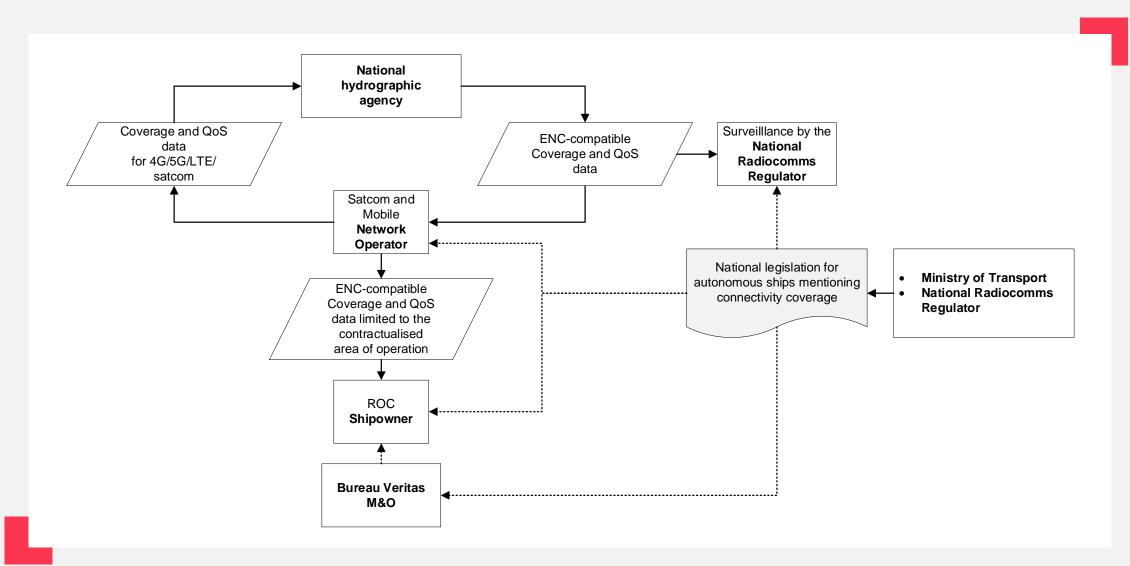
active subscription.

POSSIBLE INTERACTION FOR A CONNECTIVITY PROVIDER



B U R E A U VERITAS

TARGET REGULATORY ARRANGEMENT





BUREAU VERITAS

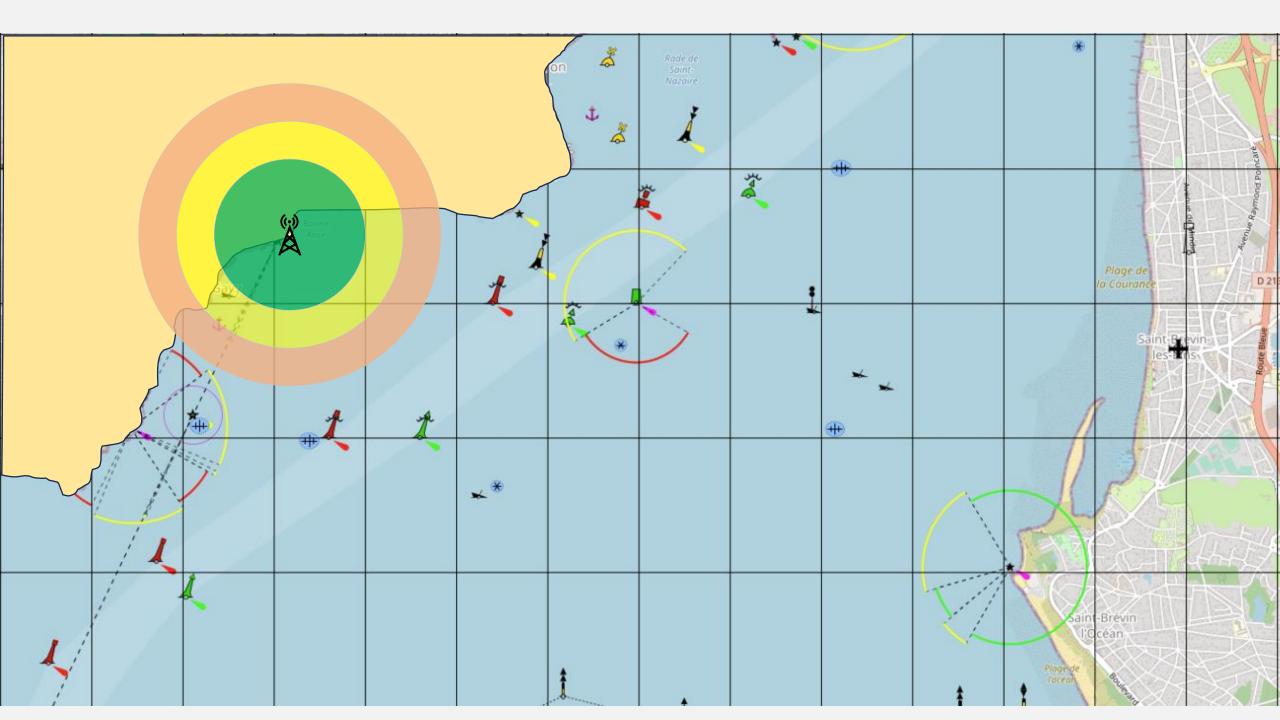
IHO NIPWG DRAFT, S-123 OBJECT PROPOSAL

The initial draft prepared by Shwu-Jing CHANG (NIPWG member, NTOU) and approved by NIPWG Chairman is shared externally for comments from the stakeholders.

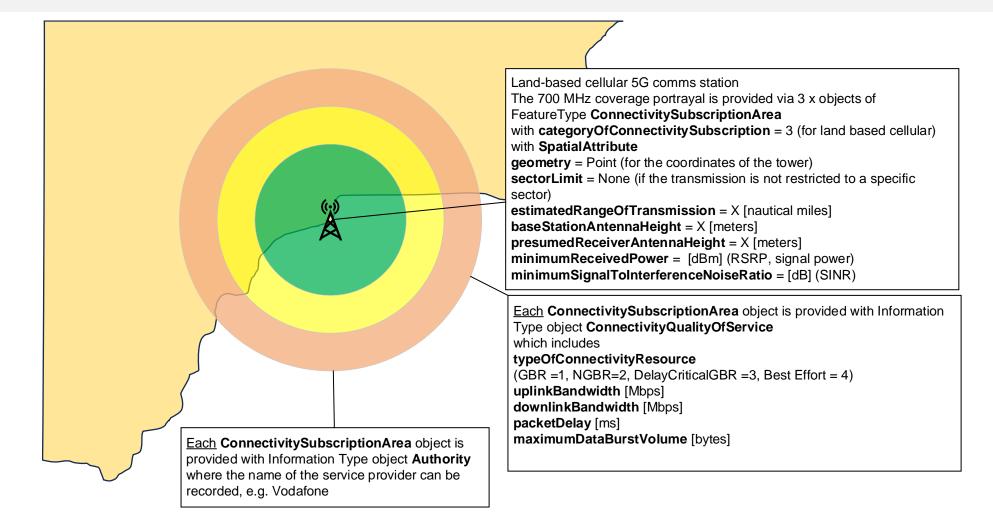
- ConnectivitySubscriptionArea feature object is to be created and linked to information type objects ConectivityQualityOfService, ContactDetails and Authority
- The same **ConnectivitySubscriptionArea** feature object will be applicable both for the land-based cellular and satellite communication
- The structure of ConnectivitySubscriptionArea allows portrayal of a polygon, a circular area or a sector
- I Quality of Service parameters are attributed via **ConectivityQualityOfService**
- Connectivity provider is attributed via Authority with contact details in ContactDetails

The original S-123 is downloadable from the NIPWG webpage.

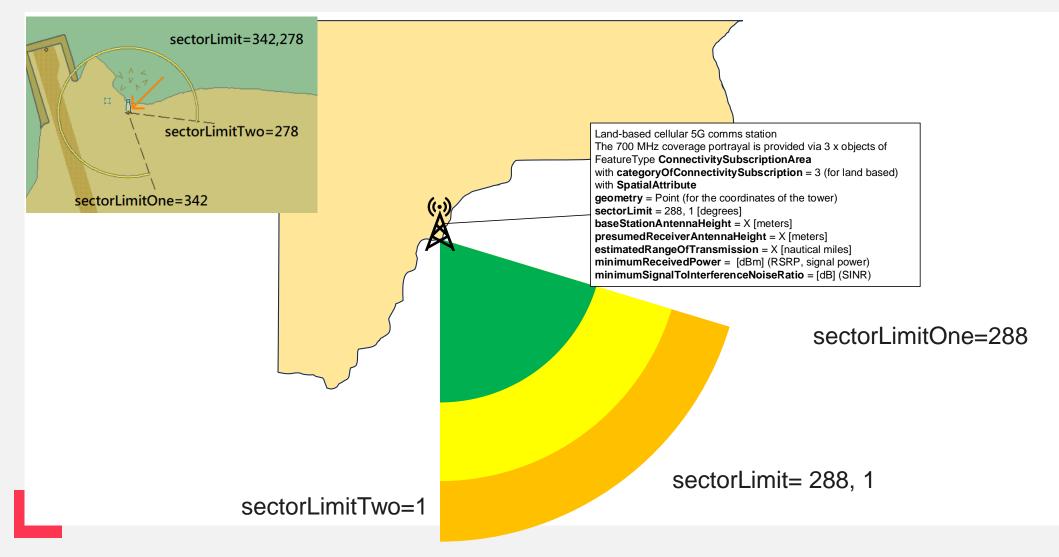




IHO NIPWG DRAFT, S-123 OBJECT PROPOSAL BY SHWU-JING CHANG (NTOU)

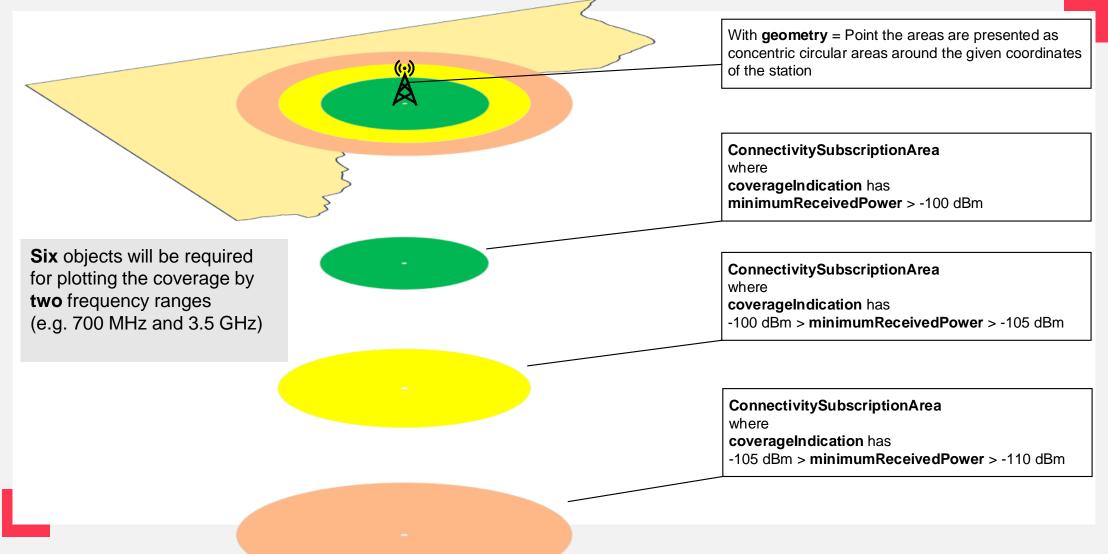


IHO NIPWG DRAFT, S-123 OBJECT PROPOSAL BY SHWU-JING CHANG (NTOU)





IHO NIPWG DRAFT, S-123 OBJECT PROPOSAL BY SHWU-JING CHANG (NTOU)



Ka-band spot beam The coverage portrayal is provided via 1 x object of FeatureType **ConnectivitySubscriptionArea** with **categoryOfConnectivitySubscription** = 1 (for GEO satellite) with **SpatialAttribute geometry** = Surface (polygon) **sectorLimit** = Not applicable **estimatedRangeOfTransmission** = Not applicable **minimumReceivedPower** = [dBm] (RSRP, signal power) **minimumSignalToInterferenceNoiseRatio** = [dB] (SINR)

Each ConnectivitySubscriptionArea object is provided with Information Type object ConnectivityQualityOfService which includes typeOfConnectivityResource (GBR =1, NGBR=2, DelayCriticalGBR =3, Best Effort = 4) uplinkBandwidth [Mbps] downlinkBandwidth [Mbps] packetDelay [ms] maximumDataBurstVolume [bytes]

One object will be required for plotting **each** spot beam polygon

Each ConnectivitySubscriptionArea object is provided with Information Type object Authority where the name of the service provider can be recorded, e.g. Vodafone

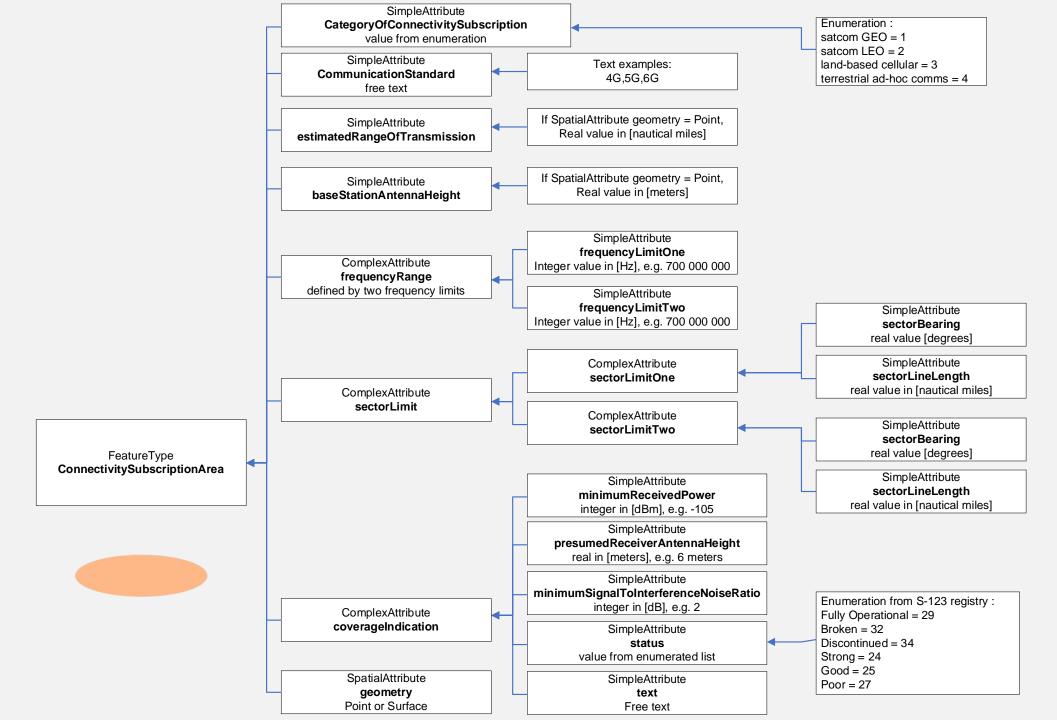
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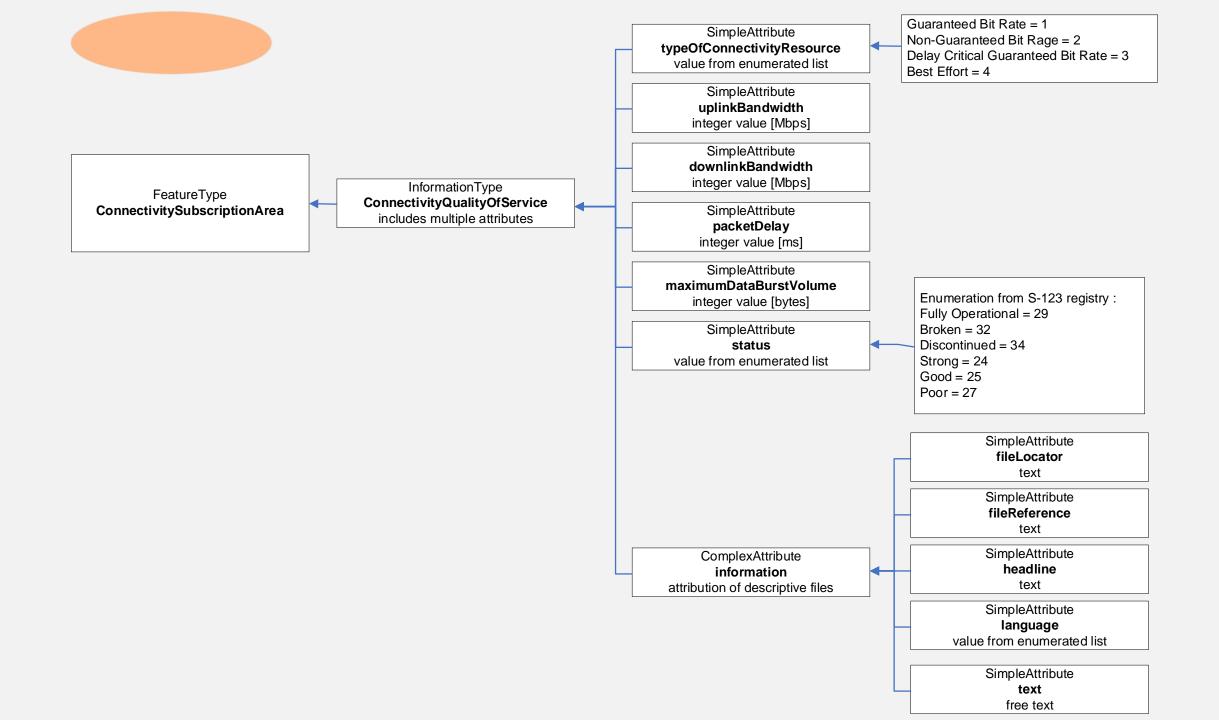
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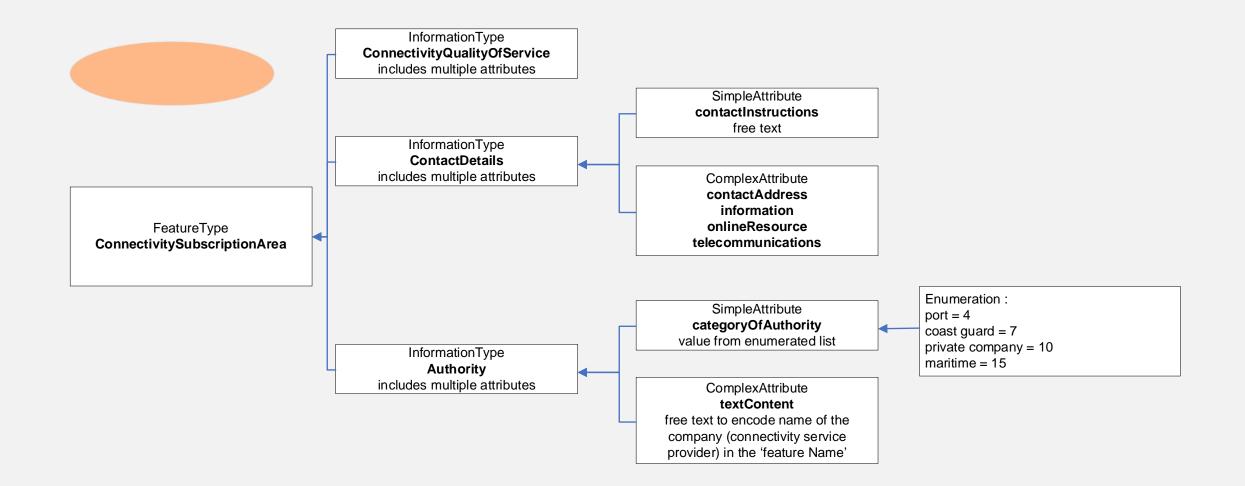
Inmarsat Ka-band S11DL Spot beam

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DEVELOPMENT SHOULD INVOLVE

- ECDIS manufacturers
- Mobile Network Operator
- Satellite Communication Operator
- Short Sea Shipping Shipowner
- I Inland Shipping Shipowner
- National agency specialised in marine geospatial data





CONCLUSIONS

- I The safety issue related to the provision of the coverage zones for connectivity used in remote control with a mapping in ENC is **pertinent** for the emerging autonomous and remotely operated shipping both inland and at sea.
- Creation of the dedicated data objects in S-123 is a **mitigation for the risk of the loss of remote control.**
- Availability of the standardised Product Specification from IHO and of a roadmap for the implementation is important for the industry.

