

Improving Hydropower Benefits by Linking Environmental and Power System Tradeoffs Through Flow Release Decisions

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ORNL is managed by UT-Battelle, LLC for the US Department of Energy







This project aims to quantify hydropower operational flexibility given non- flow requirements



Large numbers of hydropower projects are expected to be relicensed in the coming years





U.S. Hydropower Regulatory Process

- Regulatory process stakeholder-driven
 - Environmental
 - Recreational
 - Developers
 - Investors
 - Tribal
 - State
 - Federal
- Stakeholders help determine Protection, Mitigation, and Enhancement measures like environmental flow

requirements









Non-power constraints on flexibility





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This project aims to quantify hydropower operational flexibility given non- flow requirements



Project approach

- Quantify hydropower operational flexibility given nonpower flow requirements by linking power system and environmental outcomes through the common hub of flow decisions
 - Task 1: Linking flow decisions to environmental outcomes
 - Task 2: Linking power system needs to flow decisions
 - Task 3: Case studies demonstrating co-optimization of power system and environmental outcomes





Power system to environment linkage map

file://ornIdata.ornl.gov/Home/HydroWIRES/Case%20studies/ExecutiveSummaryMap%20(2).html



tools needed to create linkages



Dataset of environmental flow requirements

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1 Proje	ct number f	Date issued State1	State2 Facility name	Aug time pd start	Aug time od end	Addtl aug time pd		Aug cat	- Aug		Flow reg			11
2	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Jar	31-Jan	1		Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	2	0		1
3	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Feb	28-Feb)		Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	2	20		
4	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Mai	31-Mar	r		Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	2	20		
5	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Ap	- 30-Apr	r		Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	/	2	0		
6	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-May	31-May	(Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	2	:5		1
7	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Jur	30-Jun	1		Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	I	-	0		1
8	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Ju	31-Ju	1		Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	5	0		
9	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Aug	31-Aug	8		Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	-	0		1
10	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Ser	30-Sep	5		Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	I	-	0		1
11	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Oc	31-Oct	t		Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	2	:5		1
12	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Nov	30-Nov	/		Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	2	:0		1
13	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Dec	31-Dec			Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	2	:0		
14	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	Memorial day	Labor day	weekends and holidays		Recreation/Boating	g Minimum flow	1	80	10		
15	382	20060517 CA	Borel bypass reach	1-Ju	Labor day	weekends		Recreation/Boating	g Minimum flow	1	400-50	0		
16	485	20141222 GA	AL Bartlett's Ferry dam						Maximum dise	charge capacity	53000	0		
17	487	20050708 PA	Wilsonville dam						Maximum dise	charge capacity	5670	/0		
						six consecutive Fridays for a 5 hour	period (10am -	Pecreation/Boating						
18	487	20050708 PA	powerhouse	first Friday on or after Jul 1		6 pm)		Recreationy boating	Minimum flow	1	120	0		
19	487	20050708 PA	powerhouse			two weekends each year during Sep o	or Oct	Recreation/Boating	g Minimum flow	1	120	/0		
20	487	20050708 PA	powerhouse	first Saturday after Apr 11	first Saturday after Jun 11	trout season; weekends 6 am- 9 pm		Fishing/Habitat	Minimum flow	1	no generatio	'n		
21	659	20081128 GA	Warick dam					Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	600 or inflo	N		
22	659	20081128 GA	Warick dam	15-Mai	15-May	/		Fishing/Habitat	Minimum flow	1	run of riv	ar		
23	659	20081128 GA	Warick dam						Maximum dise	charge capacity	800	.0		
24	719	20040527 WA	dam					Instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	1	0.2	.5		-
25	719	20040527 WA	dam	1-Aug	15-Oct	t low flow season		Instream flow requ	irement Maximum flov	v	1	.8		-
26	719	20040527 WA	dam	1-Au	15-Oct	t		Instream flow requ	irement Normal_Wate	r_Year_min_flow_rate_cfs	1	.8		-
27	719	20040527 WA	dam	15-Oc	: 30-Apr	r		Instream flow requ	irement DRY_Water_Ye	ar_min_flow_rate_cfs	3.5	5		-
28	719	20040527 WA	dam	15-Oc	: 30-Apr	F		Instream flow requ	irement Normal_Wate	r_Year_min_flow_rate_cfs	2	.3		-
29	719	20040527 WA	dam	1-May	31-Ju			Instream flow requ	DRY_Water_Ye	ar_min_flow_rate_cfs		5		-
30	1256	20170522 NE	Monroe powernouse					instream flow requ	irement Minimum flow	/	run of can	11		-
31	1256	20170522 NE	vionroe powernouse					In stress of flow,	Maximum disc	inarge capacity	300	0		-
32	1256	20170522 NE	Columbus powerhouse					instream now requ	Maximum dia	/ charge capacity	1000-480	0		
35	1200	20170522 NE	columbus powernouse						waximum disi	charge capacity	610	·		۱.
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Examples of environmental flow requirements

- Walleye spawning flows*
 - 800 cfs minimum flow beginning when water temp is 24°C for 4 consecutive days after Mar 15 to 30 days after water temp is 210°C for 4 consecutive days
- Whitewater flows*
 - Up to 70 hr of 525 cfs releases/ year to support whitewater races
- Maximum flows*
 - When inflow is 200-399 cfs, releases < 1.5 times inflow from July 1-15

*Above requirements all from FERC hydropower licenses



Case studies

Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basin

- Energy- environment trade-offs
- Two producers



Also focused case studies on:

National Laboratory

- 1. economic valuation of hydro flexibility (Poe Project, California)
- 2. new modeling techniques to assess environment tradeoffs with hydro flexibility (Glen Canyon Dam, Arizona) AK RIDGE

Area of inset

